

**URBAN DISTRICT OF FAIRSWORTH**

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**ANNUAL REPORT**

**OF THE**

**MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH**


**AND THE**

**SENIOR PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR**

**FOR THE YEAR 1965**

**GILBERT R. BRACKENRIDGE, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.**  
**Medical Officer of Health**

**WILFRED L. MONKS, M.A.P.H.I.**  
**Senior Public Health Inspector and Cleansing Superintendent**



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**MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH**

**AND THE**

**SENIOR PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR**

**1965**



## **URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL OF FAILSWORTH**

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### **Health Committee, 1965-66 :**

Councillor	R. Smith (Chairman)
„	J. O. Riley (Vice-Chairman)
„	T. Barlow
„	D. Dale
„	E. V. Doran, J.P.
„	J. P. Garrett
„	T. Higgins
„	G. A. Hughes, J.P., C.C.
„	D. Makinson
„	A. McAnulty
„	S. Moore
„	H. Purcell
„	J. Stanhope, J.P.
„	C. E. Tucker
„	J. F. Wilkinson

### **Medical Officer of Health :**

GILBERT R. BRACKENRIDGE, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

### **Deputy Medical Officer of Health :**

ERIC J. H. FOSTER, M.B., Ch.B., D.Obst., R.C.O.G., D.P.H.  
(Resigned 17th October, 1965)

### **Senior Public Health Inspector and Cleansing Superintendent :**

WILFRED L. MONKS, M.A.P.H.I.  
Cert. of Meat and Other Foods, R.S.H.  
Cert. of Smoke Inspector, R.S.H.

### **Additional Public Health Inspectors :**

RODNEY B. LAMB, M.A.P.H.I. (resigned 31st August, 1965)  
Cert. of Meat and Other Foods, R.S.H.  
Cert. of Smoke Inspector, R.S.H.  
Testamur of the Institute of Public Cleansing

JACK B. SIMPSON, M.A.P.H.I.  
Cert. of Meat and Other Foods, R.S.H.  
Cert. of Smoke Inspector, R.S.H.

### **Clerk in Public Health Department :**

Mrs. E. J. Jones (Resigned 31st December, 1965)

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT,  
TOWN HALL,  
FAILSWORTH.

August, 1966.

To: The Chairman and Members of the Health Committee.

Mr. Chairman, Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting my Annual Report on the health of the District in 1965, and hope that it will again be found a convenient and useful source of reference.

The population of the district continues to increase, and the estimated mid-year population of 22,080 is an increase of 590 on the 1964 estimate and of over 2,260 on the 1961 Census, i.e., an increase of over 11% in four years. There was a further slight increase of total births (476) giving a crude birth rate of 21.6 and an adjusted rate of 20.5 to compare with a national rate of 18.1. There was an increase in total deaths (258) giving a crude rate of 11.7 and an adjusted rate of 14.2 in comparison with a national rate of 11.5. Infant Mortality Rates show no significant change from the pattern of recent years and, as I have indicated on previous occasions, one must exercise great caution in interpreting statistics from a comparatively small population over short periods.

There was a very substantial decrease in total notifications of notifiable infectious disease during the year, due principally to the lessened prevalence of measles. There was a welcome decrease in whooping cough, but a rise in notifications both of dysentery and tuberculosis. Readers will however note that of the 14 new cases of tuberculosis notified 7 were of males over 45 years of age. New cases of tuberculosis tend now to fall into one of two groups—the early case found in children or young adults, and the often long-standing case of established disease amongst the elderly (especially males) who may have avoided seeking advice and investigation long after it was apparent that their symptoms were more than a protracted “cold” or a smoker’s cough.

In the text of the report I have again commented upon the unsatisfactory position regarding routine immunisation, especially against Poliomyelitis and Smallpox, and would yet again remind readers that few other Western Nations seem to share the delusion that our comparative freedom from outbreaks of more serious communicable disease is a natural birthright, and contrary to widespread belief, few immunising procedures afford immediate protection against contracting communicable disease, there is usually a period of several weeks, with repeat doses, before one can assume a high degree of immunity.

Housing clearance in the district has continued on the principle of working primarily by “Individual Unfit” notices, and a total of 10 houses were so represented in the year. No Clearance Areas were declared, but these will probably be necessary again at a later stage of your Clearance Programme. As is generally known, a much higher proportion of older

terraced type property has become owner-occupied in Failsworth over the years than in many nearby districts; in consequence, owners have been prepared to invest a much higher proportion of capital in renovating and maintaining them than even the best landlord could be expected to. In later pages of this report it will be noted that a further 188 new dwellings were erected in the district during 1965 (62 of those for the Council) and 12 houses were demolished under the Housing Act (Section 17).

With the implementation of the Propps Hall Drive Smoke Control Order from 1st November, 1965, a total of 1,811 properties in the district were in smoke control areas at 31st December, and although the financial burden on District Councils in pursuing a "Clean Air" policy is now so heavy that future programmes have to be extended over a longer period than originally envisaged, your Council has adopted a realistic programme. Further the increasing costs of fuel have indirectly contributed to the willingness of the public to co-operate in installing more efficient heating appliances which do not create smoke.

I understand that your Surveyor will shortly be presenting firm plans to the Council for the construction of the long-awaited Woodhouses sewer, and would hope that the Council will be able to come to a firm conclusion on them. As in so many matters relating to health services (in their broadest context), I am fully aware of the need to consider carefully the many allied problems—financial and technical—that cannot be wished away.

Before concluding this report I would like to acknowledge the very great assistance given to me by Dr. Foster, your former Deputy Medical Officer of Health, who left in October to take up a more senior appointment as Divisional Medical Officer in Health Division 17. I would also mention the very great loss the department suffered when Mr. Lamb, one of your Additional Public Health Inspectors resigned at the end of August to accept a teaching post. Mr. Lamb was a highly skilled colleague who had a wide knowledge of this district.

Finally, I must thank the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee, the Clerk, Mr. Monks and Mr. Simpson for their continued loyalty and support. I am, as in previous years, indebted to the staff of the Health Department for their assistance in compiling this report.

I am, Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

GILBERT R. BRACKENRIDGE,  
*Medical Officer of Health.*

## NATURAL AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE DISTRICT

### PHYSICAL FEATURES AND GENERAL CHARACTER OF THE DISTRICT

Failsforth is a compact Urban District of 1,663 acres, of which approximately nine acres are covered with water.

There is a gradual rise from 286 feet above sea level at the Manchester extremity to 354 feet above sea level at the Oldham extremity.

The district is divided into five wards, namely, North, South, East, West and Lower.

The sub-soil is chiefly clay, with sand and gravel in places overlying the coal measures.

### GENERAL STATISTICS

Area (acres) .....	1,663
Population (Census, 1961) .....	19,819
Population (Registrar-General's Estimate for mid-year 1965) .....	22,080
Number of Inhabited Houses (end of 1965) according to Rate Books .....	8,092
Rateable Value (end of 1965) .....	£644,125
Sum represented by a 1d. Rate (end of 1965) estimated ...	£2,650

### VITAL STATISTICS

Live Births (Total) .....	476
	<i>Males</i> <i>Females</i>
Legitimate .....	237      224
Illegitimate .....	10      5
Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population:—	
Crude Rate .....	21.6
Adjusted Rate .....	20.5
	(Comparability Factor 0.95)
Illegitimate Live Births per cent of total live births .....	3.2
Still births .....	11
Stillbirth rate per 1,000 live and stillbirths .....	22.6
Total Live and Stillbirths .....	487
Infant Deaths (deaths under 1 year) .....	6
	<i>Males</i> <i>Females</i>
Legitimate .....	3      3
Illegitimate .....	—      —



Infant Mortality Rates:

Total infant deaths per 1,000 total live births .....	12.6
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births .....	13.0
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births .....	Nil
Neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths under 4 weeks per 1,000 total live births) .....	10.5
Early Neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths under 1 week per 1,000 total live births) .....	10.5
Perinatal Mortality Rate (stillbirths and deaths under 1 week combined per 1,000 total live and still births) .....	32.9
Maternal Mortality (including abortion) .....	Nil
Maternal Mortality rate per 1,000 live and still births .....	Nil
Total deaths (all ages) .....	258

Death rate per 1,000 population:—

Crude rate .....	11.7
Adjusted rate .....	14.2
(Comparability Factor 1.22)	

Principal Causes of Death:—

Diseases of Heart and Circulation .....	96
Cancer of all sites .....	54
Diseases of Respiratory System .....	29
Vascular lesions of the Nervous System .....	44

**Comparative Table of Vital Statistics**  
(Rates are as defined on Previous Table)

		1965	1964	1963	1955
Live Births .....	No. Adj. Rate	476 20.5	468 20.7	389 19.0	245 13.0
Stillbirths .....	No. Rate	11 22.6	8 16.8	8 20.2	5 20.0
Total Live and Still Births .....	No.	487	476	397	250
Total Infant Deaths .....	No. Rate	6 12.6	6 12.8	8 20.6	5 20.0
Maternal Deaths .....	No. Rate	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil
Total Deaths .....	No. Adj. Rate	258 14.2	224 12.8	232 14.6	214 13.1

## REGISTRAR - GENERAL'S RETURN

Causes of death for 1965 with comparative figures for previous years

Causes	1965			1964 Total	1960 Total	1955 Total
	M	F	Total			
Tuberculosis, Respiratory	—	—	—	2	2	4
Tuberculosis, Other .....	—	1	1	—	—	4
Syphilitic Disease .....	—	—	—	—	3	—
Diphtheria .....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Whooping Cough .....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Meningococcal Infections	—	—	—	—	—	—
Acute Poliomyelitis .....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Measles .....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Infective and parasitic diseases .....	1	—	1	—	1	2
Malignant Neoplasms—						
Stomach .....	5	3	8	7	5	6
Lung and Bronchus ...	12	1	13	12	18	12
Breast .....	—	4	4	6	6	3
Uterus .....	—	—	—	—	1	1
Other .....	14	15	29	13	15	17
Leukaemia, Aleukaemia ...	1	—	1	1	—	—
Diabetes .....	—	1	1	—	2	1
Vascular lesions of nervous system .....	18	26	44	34	42	22
Coronary disease—Angina	39	28	67	45	40	32
Hypertension with Heart Disease .....	1	1	2	3	1	3
Other Heart Disease .....	9	11	20	31	31	33
Other Circulatory Disease	5	4	9	6	13	17
Influenza .....	—	—	—	—	1	1
Pneumonia.....	4	7	11	6	7	8
Bronchitis .....	17	1	18	26	10	15
Other diseases of respira- tory system .....	—	—	—	3	3	3
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum .....	1	1	2	4	1	6
Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	—	1	1	—	—	2
Nephritis and Nephrosis	—	—	—	—	1	2
Hyperplasia of prostate.....	—	—	—	—	1	1
Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	—	—	—	—	—	—
Congenital malformations	1	4	5	2	1	—
Other defined and ill- defined diseases .....	8	6	14	15	19	14
Motor Vehicle Accidents	—	2	2	2	1	—
All other accidents .....	2	—	2	4	3	6
Suicide .....	2	—	2	2	4	3
Homicide and operations of war	1	—	1	—	—	—
Totals .....	141	117	258	224	232	214

## DISTRIBUTION OF DEATHS

## DEATHS — BY AGE GROUPS

YEARS	1965			1964	1960	1955
	M	F	Total			
Under 4 weeks .....	2	3	5	5	7	3
4 weeks and under 1 year .....	1	—	1	1	1	2
1 - 4 .....	2	—	2	1	2	2
5 - 14 .....	—	—	—	1	—	3
15 - 24 .....	3	3	6	—	—	1
25 - 34 .....	2	3	5	16	7	8
35 - 44 .....	4	2	6			
45 - 54 .....	12	11	23	67	72	59
55 - 64 .....	32	13	45			
65 - 74 .....	47	36	83	62	143	136
75 and over .....	36	46	82	71		
TOTALS .....	141	117	258	224	232	214

## INFANT MORTALITY (i.e., Deaths under 1 year of Age)

Cause of Death	Under 1 day	1 to 6 days	1 to 4 weeks	1 to 3 months	4 to 12 months	Total
Anencephaly .....	2	—	—	—	—	2
Foetalanoxia .....	1	—	—	—	—	1
Hydrocephalus .....	—	1	—	—	—	1
Prematurity .....	—	1	—	—	—	1
Viral Pneumonia ...	—	—	—	—	1	1
TOTALS .....	3	2	—	—	1	6

**PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS  
DISEASES, 1965**

Diseases	No. of Notified Cases			
	1965	1964	1963	1955
Diphtheria .....	—	—	—	—
Dysentery .....	34	20	—	56
Erysipelas .....	2	1	—	4
Food Poisoning .....	—	—	—	—
Measles .....	154	390	208	207
Meningococcal Infection .....	—	—	1	1
Ophthalmia Neonatorum ...	—	—	—	—
Pneumonia .....	9	6	12	23
Poliomyelitis .....	—	—	—	1
Puerperal Pyrexia .....	—	—	1	—
Scarlet Fever .....	30	33	6	37
Smallpox .....	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis .....	14	5	9	16
Typhoid and Paratyphoid ...	—	—	—	—
Whooping Cough .....	5	21	31	6
	248	481	268	351

**Cases of Infectious Disease notified (other than Tuberculosis)  
during the Year 1965**

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES.	NUMBER OF CASES NOTIFIED.										
	AGE PERIODS—YEARS.										
	Total Cases of all ages.	0	1	2	3	4	5—9	10—14	15—24	25 and over	Age unknown
Diphtheria .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dysentery .....	34	—	3	3	5	11	5	1	1	5	—
Erysipelas .....	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Food Poisoning .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Measles (excluding rubella) .....	154	6	32	29	33	25	26	1	1	1	—
Meningococcal Infection ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ophthalmia Neonatorum ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pneumonia (primary and influenzal) .....	9	1	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	6	—
Poliomyelitis— Paralytic .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-paralytic .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Puerperal Pyrexia .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Scarlet Fever .....	30	—	1	4	1	7	15	2	—	—	—
Whooping Cough .....	5	1	1	—	1	2	—	—	—	—	—
TOTALS .....	248	8	37	36	40	45	48	4	2	14	—

## INFECTIOUS DISEASES—GENERAL

There was a substantial decrease in total notifications of Infectious Diseases in the district during the year, due principally to the reduced incidence of measles.

### DIPHTHERIA

Although no case of Diphtheria has occurred in the district since 1948, the scattered cases and outbreaks of the disease in other parts of the country emphasise the need for striving towards immunisation of all children. Currently only two out of three children are presented for immunisation.

### SCARLET FEVER

There was practically no change in the incidence of scarlet fever, 30 notifications having been received as against 33 in the previous year. The cases were generally of mild infections.

### ACUTE PNEUMONIA (Primary and Influenzal)

Nine cases were notified against 6 in the previous year.

Broncho-pneumonia is not notifiable and is now responsible for a higher mortality than Classical Acute Pneumonia. Of the 11 Pneumonia deaths registered during the year, 9 were Broncho-Pneumonia.

### PUERPERAL PYREXIA

No case occurred during the year.

### ERYSIPELAS

Two cases occurred during the year.

### POLIOMYELITIS

No case occurred in the district for the sixth successive year, nor was there any outbreak in surrounding districts, but, with the virtual disappearance of poliomyelitis as an endemic disease, there has been a considerable decline in public interest in vaccination — until, as in Blackburn in the summer of 1965, the disease is reported on one's doorstep. It is then usually found that many of those who have been most opposed to routine vaccination are first in the queue demanding immediate personal protection.

## SMALLPOX

No case or suspect case was reported in the district, but with only about 25-30% of young infants routinely vaccinated the degree of community resistance to this disease is totally inadequate—much below the level of resistance in most other industrialised and in many other underdeveloped countries.

## MENINGOCOCCAL INFECTION

No case occurred during the year.

## MEASLES

There was a substantial decrease in the incidence of measles during the year, total notifications being less than half of those in 1964.

## WHOOPING COUGH.

During the year 5 cases were notified. As mentioned in previous annual reports, this disease could be virtually eliminated if parents secure routine immunisation for children in early infancy.

## DYSENTERY

34 cases were notified during the year. It is, however, necessary to emphasise that, because of the mild nature of many cases, these may not be brought to the attention of the Health Department via General Practitioners. The disease, although seldom dangerous, has a considerable nuisance value, especially in nurseries and infant schools.

## FOOD POISONING

No case was notified during the year.

## PATHOLOGICAL AND BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS

Any necessary specimens are submitted to the Public Health Laboratory, which is now situated at Withington Hospital, West Didsbury, Manchester 20.

## NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948—Section 47

An 82-year-old female was removed to a Home for the Elderly. She later agreed to remain in the Home and accept permanent care.



## TUBERCULOSIS

## New Cases and Mortality During 1965

Age-Periods	NEW CASES				DEATHS			
	Pulmon-ary		Non-Pulmon-ary		Pulmon-ary		Non-Pulmon-ary	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Years								
Under 5 .....	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
5-14 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15-24 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25-44 .....	1	3	—	1	—	—	—	—
45-64 .....	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
65 and over .....	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Age Unknown .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Totals .....	9	4	—	1	—	—	—	1
	13		1		—		1	

There were 14 new cases notified during the year, of whom half were men over 45 years of age.

No action has been necessary relating to tuberculosis of employees in the milk trade, nor for the compulsory removal to hospital of persons suffering from the disease.

The duties of tuberculosis visitation are carried out by the staff of the County Council.

Disinfection of the rooms and bedding is carried out when necessary.

At the end of the year there were 82 cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis and 19 cases of Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis on the Register.

## GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

The following services are administered by the Lancashire County Council through the No. 14 Health Divisional Office at "Tylon", Middleton Road, Chadderton.

Maternity and Child Welfare,	Ambulance,
Midwifery,	Care of School Children,
Mental Health,	Care of the Aged,
Home Help,	General Welfare Services.

### MATERNITY SERVICE

Three District Midwifery Sisters are currently employed in the district, together with one Relief Sister. These are: Miss E. Brownlow, 324 Ashton Road East, Failsworth (FAI 1739); Mrs. F. M. M. Hughes, 7 Fern Close, off Bridge Street, Springhead (MAI 0839); Mrs. E. M. D. Watkins, 495 Medlock Road, Woodhouses, Failsworth (FAI 6644); and (Relief) Mrs. E. Bridges, of 30 Jordan Avenue, Shaw (Shaw 5406).

The ante-natal clinic is held at Firs Hall Clinic, Oldham Road, Failsworth, on Thursdays, 2 to 4 p.m.

### HEALTH VISITORS AND SCHOOL NURSES

Four full-time Health Visitor/School Nurses are based at Firs Hall Clinic and work in the district.

### CLINICS

Regular sessions of the following clinics are held at Firs Hall, Oldham Road, Failsworth (FAI 1013), as follows:—

Ante and Post-Natal: Every Tuesday afternoon at 2 p.m.

Maternity and Child Welfare: Every Wednesday and Thursday afternoon at 2 p.m.

### IMMUNISATION

Protective immunisation is available against Diphtheria, Tetanus, Whooping Cough and Poliomyelitis. Oral Poliomyelitis vaccination is available to all persons between the ages of 6 months and 40 years.

Arrangements for immunisation can be made at Firs Hall Clinic or with the Family Doctor.



## SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICE

The Divisional Medical Officer and the Assistant Divisional Medical Officer are also School Medical Officers and Clinics are held at Firs Hall, as follows:—

Minor Ailments: Every Monday afternoon at 2 p.m. and Thursday morning at 10 a.m.

Ophthalmic and Orthodontic Clinics attended by appointment only.

A School Dental Officer is in attendance each morning. Treatment is by appointment only.

## CHILDREN'S ACT, 1948

The Area Children's Office for this District is at Enville House, Scotland Street, Ashton-under-Lyne (ASH 4338).

## DAY NURSERIES

There are two day nurseries, one of 37 place accommodation at Oldham Road, and one of 50 place accommodation at Totton Road, which are the responsibility of the County Council. There is no industrial day nursery now open in the District.

## AMBULANCE

Ambulances serving the district are based at Middleton, Crompton and Ashton ambulance stations, and are under Radio Control from Radcliffe Control Centre (RAD 3021).

## HOME HELP SERVICE

This service is primarily intended to provide assistance in the home where necessary because of illness, infirmity or advanced age. Applications for the services of a Home Help should be made to the Divisional Medical Officer.

## HOME NURSING SERVICE

Two District Nursing Sisters, Mrs. E. Hembrough, 214 Nuthurst Road, New Moston (FAI 4788) and Miss M. R. Houton, 159 Chamber Road, Werneth, Oldham (MAI 2564), together with District Nurse (S.E.N.) Mrs. J. Metcalfe, 153 Old Road, Failsworth (FAI 2573), are routinely employed in the district. A further 4 nurses provide relief services in the Division generally, and the services of a Male District Nurse are available if required in particular cases.

## CONVALESCENCE

The Lancashire County Council make arrangements for certain categories of convalescent patients to have periods at convalescent homes on the recommendation of the general practitioner.

## UNMARRIED MOTHERS AND ILLEGITIMATE CHILDREN

Provision for their care is made by the Lancashire County Council in conjunction with Voluntary Moral Welfare Organisations.

## WELFARE SERVICE

The Lancashire County Council now provide seven homes for the elderly, five are situated within the Division and two in the Oldham County Borough.

The seventh home, "Brierfields", in Brierley Avenue, Failsworth, was handed over in March, 1965, and the first residents were admitted on 31st March.

The statutory services comprising health visitors, home nurses, home helps and laundry service, co-operate with the voluntary bodies providing chiropody, home visiting, meals-on-wheels, etc., in order to enable old people to continue living in their own homes.

## BLIND WELFARE

Statutory services for the Blind are provided in the district by the Manchester and Salford Blind Aid Society as agents for the Lancashire County Council.

## TUBERCULOSIS

The Chest Clinic is situated in the Oldham and District General Hospital, where all suspected cases of Tuberculosis are referred. X-ray facilities are available at the Clinic.

## HOSPITAL SERVICE

Hospitals available to residents of Failsworth are:—

General and Maternity Cases: Oldham and Manchester Hospitals.

Infectious Diseases: Westhulme (Oldham) and Monsall (Manchester) Hospitals.

**REPORT OF THE SENIOR PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR  
AND CLEANSING SUPERINTENDENT**

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT,  
TOWN HALL,  
FAILSWORTH.  
AUGUST, 1966.

To the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee,

I have pleasure in presenting the Annual Report of the Sanitary Circumstances of the District and the work done by the Public Health Inspectors during 1965.

Apart from the holiday period a regular weekly refuse collection was maintained throughout the year, but it was found necessary to work overtime to compensate for shortage of staff and sickness.

The work of the department was seriously affected during the latter half of 1965 due to Mr. R. B. Lamb, Additional Public Health Inspector, obtaining another appointment and the inability to replace him, and Mrs. E. J. Jones becoming ill and eventually resigning on 31st December, 1965.

The Failsworth No. 4 (Propps Hall Drive) Smoke Control Order, 1964, came into operation and the Failsworth No. 5 (Farm Street) Smoke Control Order, 1965, was submitted to the Minister of Housing and Local Government. Due to the financial burden to the Council these areas are smaller than originally envisaged, but it is essential that this work should continue steadily, year by year, in order to reduce atmospheric pollution from household chimneys.

The Failsworth Holt Lane Compulsory Purchase Order, 1964, which includes the Holt Lane Clearance Area, was confirmed, and the Casson Street Clearance Order, 1962, which has been the subject of long negotiations, was also confirmed.

WILFRED L. MONKS,  
*Senior Public Health Inspector and  
Cleansing Superintendent.*

## SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE DISTRICT

### WATER SUPPLY

All dwellinghouses in the District are supplied direct from water mains. The District is supplied by Oldham Corporation; Ashton-under-Lyne, Stalybridge, Dukinfield and District Water Board; and Manchester Corporation.

Thirty-six samples of treated water going into supply were submitted for bacteriological examination by the Water Undertakings. All were reported to be satisfactory.

There have, however, been a number of complaints of excessive chlorine and also brown discolouration in the water supplied by Oldham Corporation. On investigation the usual cause was the adding of a chlorine agent directly to the water in the Failsworth Mains as a safety precaution after extensions and repairs. The discolouration was due to a defect at the point of main supply.

In addition, some complaints are still being received regarding low water pressure in houses due to silt from the mains blocking the service pipes.

The Staff of the Oldham Water Department have been most co-operative in attending to these complaints.

### RIVERS AND STREAMS

The river Medlock adjoins the Sewage Works, and receives the sewage effluent. It flows along the south-east border of the district. On the opposite boundary of the district is the Moston Brook, which flows into the river Irk.

A smaller brook, named Lord's Brook, flows into the Medlock, and another small stream occurs near the Cemetery.

### SEWERAGE AND DRAINAGE

All drains are examined before being covered in, and smoke or water tests applied where applicable.

The sewers in the district are partly brick and partly pipe. Most of the storm water finds its way into the sewers. They are periodically flushed and are ventilated by open manholes and gratings. House drains are well trapped and soil pipes are properly ventilated. The sewage is treated at the Council's Sewage Works.

*Treatment of Sewage at Disposal Works.*—The dry-weather flow of sewage exceeds 1,250,000 gallons per day. The sewage enters the works through a cast-iron pipe 3 feet in diameter. The crude sewage is treated with lime and ferrous sulphate and passes through detritus tanks, on through precipitation and settling tanks, and through 12 sprinkler filters, the effluent being subjected to humus tanks and strainer filters before being discharged into the river Medlock.

The work of modernising the Sewage Disposal Works commenced and is now well in hand.

Woodhouses is unsewered and most of the drainage finds its way into ditches and water courses.

Lord's Brook, which flows through Failsworth and joins the River Medlock, is seriously polluted before entering the District, but it is further polluted, however, by drainage from houses, farms and piggeries on the West side of Medlock Road. The drainage from the houses, farms and piggeries on the East side of Medlock Road finds its way to the River Medlock.

When the new sewer for Woodhouses is constructed it will take the drainage from most of the houses, and it is anticipated that many of the farms and piggeries will also be connected.

## FARMS AND SWILL BOILING PLANTS

There has been no alteration in the methods of drainage on the pig farms and the streams and river are still being heavily polluted.

Although at times the smell of pigs and boiling swill is noticeable, the farmers appear to be endeavouring to keep the smell within reasonable limits and the standard of the premises is being well maintained.

### CLOSET ACCOMMODATION

The following table shows the appropriate number of the various sanitary conveniences in the district at the close of the year: —

CLOSETS	Houses and Shops	Public B'd'gs & Rec. G'ds	Factories	TOTALS
Privy-midden closets	—	—	—	—
Pail-closets	135	13	1	149
Fresh water-closets	8925	207	660	9792
Waste water-closets	—	—	—	—
Trough closets	—	25	—	25
	9060	245	661	9966

Unfortunately there are many pail closets and trough closets in the district, but as the majority of the pail closets are situated in Woodhouses, large scale conversions cannot be carried out until the sewer is provided.

The following table shows the approximate number of the various refuse receptacles: —

REFUSE RECEPTACLES	Houses and Shops	Public B'd'gs & Rec. G'ds	Factories	TOTALS
Privy-middens (covered)	—	—	—	—
Dry ashpits (covered) ...	—	—	—	—
Metal Ashbins .....	8520	93	95	8708
Totals .....	8520	93	95	8708



## PUBLIC CLEANSING

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Two 7/8½ cu. yd. and one 10/11 cu. yd. side loading and one Blenheim 11/15 cu. yd. compression rear loading Karrier Bantam refuse collectors are employed full-time on the collection of refuse and one additional Karrier Bantam is used as a spare vehicle for emergencies.

A Karrier Bantam "Ramillies" 20 cu. yd. rear loading refuse collection vehicle was placed on order for delivery in 1966.

A special once-weekly collection of paper salvage is made from certain shops and business premises, but generally trade refuse and salvage are collected during the normal course of the house refuse collection service.

The personnel of the Department is 25, comprising a foreman, four drivers, sixteen ashbin men, two tip attendants, one rodent operator and one paper baler.

Refuse is collected from approximately 8,288 premises and a regular weekly collection has been maintained apart from the holiday periods.

The Council have operated a scheme for the maintenance of dustbins as a charge upon the general rate fund since 1st April, 1949; 514 dustbins were provided under the scheme during the past year.

All refuse is disposed of by controlled tipping on low-lying land near Broadway, adjoining the Manchester Boundary.

A Bristol Taurus tractor with a forward loading bucket is used to control the tip.

One hundred and forty-nine pail closets are emptied weekly by one of the refuse collection vehicles to which is attached a trailer tank for the purpose.

The tank is emptied in the Council yard into a manhole connected to the main sewer.

A Karrier Yorkshire Diesel engined 800 gallons capacity combined gully and cesspit emptier is used for the regular and efficient cleansing of street gullies. Cesspools are emptied on request.

Street Cleansing is carried out with a Johnston Suction Sweeper supplemented by 3 street orderlies.

*Materials salvaged in connection with the Refuse Collection Service*

Materials	Tons	Cwts.	Qtr.	£	s.	d.
Mixed waste paper	37	1	2	294	10	0
Non-ferrous metals	0	2	0	4	0	0
Tins	14	2	2	35	6	3
Total	51	6	0	333	16	3



**Tabular Statement of Sanitary Inspections for the year ended 31st December, 1965**

INSPECTIONS	Nature of	No. of Notices Served			Results of Service of Notices		
		Number of	Informal	Statutory	Complied with		Outstanding
					By Owner or Occupier	By Council in Default	
Water Supply .....		55	4	—	4	—	—
Drainage .....		330	32	—	32	—	—
Stables and Piggeries .....		75	—	—	—	—	—
Offensive Trades .....		47	—	—	—	—	—
Tents, Vans and Sheds .....		28	—	—	—	—	—
Factories .....		61	2	—	—	—	—
Outworkers .....		27	—	—	—	—	—
Refuse Collection .....		138	—	—	—	—	—
Refuse Disposal .....		57	—	—	—	—	—
Smoke Control Orders .....		375	—	—	—	—	—
Smoke Observations .....		22	—	—	—	—	—
Rats and Mice .....		1320	—	—	—	—	—
Schools .....		8	—	—	—	—	—
Shops Act .....		293	—	—	—	—	—
Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, Interviews .....		72	—	—	—	—	—
Dwelling Houses .....		372	—	—	—	—	—
Revisits to Property .....		3 7	126	—	87	—	39
Verminous Premises .....		688	—	—	—	—	—
Infectious Disease .....		63	—	—	—	—	—
92		92	—	—	—	—	—
Visits to Premises where food is prepared, sold or stored (including Vehicles) .....		156	7	—	7	—	—
Visits to Ice Cream Premises .....		55	—	—	—	—	—
Dairies and Milkshops .....		35	—	—	—	—	—
Food Inspections .....		87	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Totals .....</b>		<b>4793</b>	<b>171</b>		<b>171</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>39</b>

## DEFECTS REMEDIED DURING 1965

<i>Dwelling Houses—</i>	No.
Infested with Cockroaches, etc. ....	63
Kitchen ranges, fireplaces and flues ....	1
Defective Plaster ....	3
Defective ceiling plaster ....	4
Floors and stairs ....	7
Doors, windows and cords ....	22
Damp walls ....	13
Waste pipes and channels ....	4
Roofs ....	16
Pointing and brickwork of walls ....	13
Yard paving and paths ....	3
Rainwater pipes and eaves gutters ....	22
Drains cleansed or repaired ....	63
Defective W.C. apparatus and buildings ....	25
Defective chimney stacks ....	5
Defective water supply and cisterns ....	4
Defective ashbins ....	514
Offensive accumulations ....	2
Miscellaneous ....	4
 <i>Factories—</i>	
Unsuitable or defective sanitary accommodation .....	2
 <i>Food Premises—</i>	
Cleansing and limewashing ....	4
Structural defects ....	3
 Complaints received and investigated .....	505

### TENTS, VANS, SHEDS, CAMPING SITES, ETC.

There were no caravans used as dwellings in the district at the end of the year. There has, however, been some movement of caravans into the district during the year, settling on waste land without water, drainage or sanitary accommodation of any kind and consequently causing serious nuisance. These have had to be moved on by the Council and the owners of the land.

If caravans are to be accepted as permanent dwellings, then it is essential that suitable sites should be provided.

### CLEAN AIR

Twenty-two Smoke observations were taken during the year. No legal action was taken, but the boiler plant was inspected at two factories where there was excessive smoke emission. The management of one factory agreed to use smokeless fuel until such times as a complete conversion of the boilers could be carried out. The other factory has since closed down.

Complaints were also received alleging nuisance from the fume stack of a galvanising plant, a number of observation were taken in varying weather conditions and the plant inspected, but at no time was any nuisance observed although the white plume from the stack was very noticeable. This appears to be the reason for complaints although during the periods of observation this plume did not fall below 50ft. 0in. to 70ft. 0in. under the worst weather conditions. I have been informed by H.M. Alkali Inspector that the products of this plume have very little smell and do not represent a health hazard, particularly when emitted at such a height.

A joint scheme for the investigation of Atmospheric Pollution has been formed by 28 Local Authorities and apparatus has been installed at 59 sites throughout the area of the participating authorities.

The lead peroxide gauge was replaced with a volumetric instrument for measuring sulphur dioxide and smoke in the atmosphere.

The Failsworth No. 4 (Propps Hall Drive) Smoke Control Order, 1964, was confirmed and came into operation on 1st November, 1965, and the Failsworth No. 5 (Farm Street) Smoke Control Order, 1965, was submitted to the Minister of Housing and Local Government.

### DISINFESTATION

Sixty-three houses were treated with insecticides containing D.D.T., Malathion or Dieldrin; 58 were infested with cockroaches. The results obtained were very satisfactory. Reinspections were taken to check for reinfestations and the occupiers were advised on precautions to take.

### RODENT CONTROL

One trained Rodent Operator is employed part-time on this work. Regular surveys were made and all complaints given prompt attention and routine inspections and treatment were made at other Council properties.

Although the eradication of rats using Warfarin is satisfactory, the mice in the district are resistant to this poison. This is possibly due to intermittent baiting and use of insufficient quantities of poison bait by householders before notifying the department.

The South East Lancashire Advisory Committee meets twice yearly under the auspices of the Divisional Pests Officer; joint action is planned between representatives when necessary.

The following table shows the number of inspections and treatments carried out during the period under review:—

	<i>Type of Property</i>		
	<i>Non-Agricultural Dwelling Houses</i>	<i>All Other</i>	<i>Agricultural</i>
(a) No. of properties in district.	7897	551	22
(b) No. of properties inspected.	337	354	22
(c) Total inspections carried out (including re-inspections)	1012	274	34
(d) No. of properties inspected which were found to be infested.			
Rats—Major	—	—	—
Minor	141	20	2
Mice—Major	1	—	—
Minor	99	29	—
(e) No. of infested properties	241	49	2
(f) Total treatments carried out (including re-treatments).	241	49	2
(g) No. of “Block” control schemes carried out.	—	—	—

## SCHOOLS

There are thirteen schools in the District:—

County Modern Secondary School for Boys (Partington Street);  
County Modern Secondary School for Girls (Ashton Road East);  
Mather Street County School (Junior Mixed and Infants);  
Stansfield Road County School (Junior Mixed and Infants);  
Stansfield Road County School (Infants Annexe), Mersey Road;  
South Failsworth County School (Infants);  
St. John’s Church of England School ( Junior Mixed and Infants),  
Ashton Road East;  
St. John’s Church of England School (Junior Mixed), James Street;

Holy Trinity Church of England School (Junior Mixed and Infants);  
 St. Mary's Roman Catholic School (Junior Mixed and Infants);  
 St. Mary's Roman Catholic School, Clive Road (Infants);  
 Woodhouses Church of England School (Junior Mixed and Infants);  
 Woodhouses British School Undenominational (Junior Mixed and Infants).

All schools are provided with a piped water supply and eleven are on the water carriage system.

## HOUSING

Number of Dwellings erected during the year: —	<i>Houses</i>	<i>Flats</i>
(i) By the Local Authority .....	50	12
(ii) By other Local Authorities .....	2	Nil
(iii) By other bodies or persons .....	124	Nil
1. <i>Inspection of Dwellinghouses during the year: —</i>		
1. (a) Total number of dwelling houses inspected, formally or informally, for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts) .....		337
(b) Number of Inspections, formal or informal, made for the purpose .....		1,025
(c) Number of houses in (a) above found to be not in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation but capable of being rendered fit .....		126
2. Total number of dwelling houses existing at end of year which were unfit for human habitation and not capable at reasonable expense of being rendered fit, and in respect of which		
(a) Demolition, Clearance or Closing Orders have been made .....		37
(b) Demolition, Clearance or Closing Orders have not yet been made .....		248
2. <i>Clearance Areas (Housing Act, 1957).</i>		
(a) Number of dwelling houses included in confirmed Clearance Areas .....		20
(b) Number of dwelling houses demolished during the year: —		

(i) Unfit houses .....	Nil
(ii) Other houses .....	Nil
(c) Number of persons displaced .....	44

3. *Houses not included in Clearance Areas:—*

1. Houses demolished or closed during year: —

(a) Housing Act, 1957.

(i) Houses demolished as a result of formal or informal procedure, Section 17 (1) .....	12
Persons Displaced .....	16
(ii) Closed under Section 16(4), 17(1), 35(1) .....	Nil
Persons Displaced .....	Nil
(iii) Parts of Building closed (Section 18) .....	Nil
Persons Displaced .....	Nil
(iv) Closed as a result of Closing Orders under Sections 17 (3) and 26 .....	Nil
Persons Displaced .....	Nil

2. Repairs during the year: —

(a) Unfit houses rendered fit and houses in which defects were remedied during the period as a result of informal action by the Local Authority under the Housing or Public Health Acts .....	136
(b) Public Health Acts—action after service of formal notice—Houses in which defects were remedied: —	
(i) By owner .....	Nil
(ii) By Local Authority in default of owner ...	Nil
(c) Housing Act, 1957—action after service of formal notice (Sections 9 and 16)	
Houses made fit: —	
(i) By owners .....	1
(ii) By Local Authority in default of owners ...	Nil
(d) Housing Act, 1957: —	
Houses reconstructed, enlarged or improved and Demolition Orders revoked (Section 24) .....	Nil



4. *Unfit houses in temporary use (Housing Act, 1957).*
- |   |     |
|---|-----|
| 1. Number of houses at end of year retained for temporary accommodation ..... | Nil |
| 2. Number of separate dwellings contained in (1) above                        | Nil |
| 3. Number of houses at end of year licensed for temporary occupation .....    | Nil |
5. *Housing Act, 1949, and Housing (Financial Provisions) Act, 1958—Improvement Grants, etc.:—*
- |                          |     |
|--------------------------|-----|
| Action during year ..... | Nil |
|--------------------------|-----|
6. *House Purchase and Housing Act, 1959—Standard Grants.*
- |   |   |
|---|---|
|   | <i>No. of dwellings<br/>or other<br/>buildings affected</i> |
| (a) Applications submitted to Local Authority ..... | 64  |
| (b) Applications approved by Local Authority .....  | 69  |
| (c) Work completed .....                            | 52  |
7. *Rent Act, 1957—Certificates of Disrepair.*
- |                          |     |
|--------------------------|-----|
| Action during year ..... | Nil |
|--------------------------|-----|

## INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

### (a) *Milk Supply.*

The Milk (Special Designation) (Specified Areas) (No. 3) Order, 1953, came into force on 1st January, 1954, consequently the use of a Special Designation is compulsory with regard to all milk sold by retail in the District.

Particulars of registrations made and licences granted under the Milk and Dairies Acts and Regulations are as follows:—

The Milk and Dairies Regulations, 1959:—

No. of registered distributors operating from:

- |  |    |
|--|----|
| (a) Dairies in district .....                      | 3  |
| (b) Shops in the district other than dairies ..... | 60 |
| (c) Premises outside the district .....            | 3  |

Milk (Special Designations) Regulations, 1960:

As from 1st January, 1961, all licences to use the designations Pasteurised, Sterilised or Tuberculin Tested are issued by the Lancashire County Council as follows: —

Pasturised and Sterilised .....	19
Sterilised .....	39
Untreated, Pasteurised and Sterilised .....	5

(b) *Food and Drugs Act, 1955, Section 16, and the Ice Cream (Heat Treatment, etc.) Regulations, 1959 and 1963: —*

(i) *Ice Cream.*

No. of premises registered to sell Ice Cream .....	70
No. of Inspections .....	55

(ii) *Sausages and Preserved Foods.*

No. of premises registered for the preparation of sausages, etc. ....	15
No. of Inspections .....	30

The premises and storage accommodation were found to be maintained in a satisfactory condition.

(c) *Meat and Other Foods.*

No. of food premises in the district at the end of 1965:

Grocers .....	67
Greengrocers .....	22
Butchers .....	24
Fish Friers .....	17
Confectioners .....	10
Sweets .....	16
Licensed Premises, Clubs, Canteens and Cafes .....	52

Bye-Laws for securing the observance of Sanitary and Cleanly Conditions and Practices in connection with Handling, Wrapping and Delivery of Food and Sale of Food in the Open Air, came into operation on the 17th July, 1950, and the provisions are generally well observed.

There are no licensed Slaughterhouses in the district. It has been necessary from time to time, however, to inspect carcasses of pigs which have been slaughtered for reasons of emergency on pig farms.



**Carcases Inspected and Condemned within the District.**

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Number killed .....	—	—	—	—	43
Number inspected .....	—	—	—	—	43
<i>All diseases except Tuberculosis :—</i>					
Whole carcases condemned .....	—	—	—	—	7
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned .....	—	—	—	—	24
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than Tuberculosis .....	—	—	—	—	72 <sup>0</sup> / <sub>100</sub>
<i>Tuberculosis only :—</i>					
Whole carcases condemned .....	—	—	—	—	—
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned .....	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of number inspected affected with Tuberculosis .....	—	—	—	—	—

Butchers' shops were regularly inspected. Premises and equipment were generally maintained at a high standard of cleanliness and the provisions of the Food Hygiene Regulations well observed.

The following table gives the quantity of meat and other foods seized or surrendered during the year upon being found unfit for human consumption:—

Description of Food	Weight Condemned			
	Cwts.	Qtrs.	Lbs.	Ozs.
Tinned Meat .....	4	0	20	9
Tinned Fruit .....	—	—	5	13
Frozen Food .....	—	2	10	5
Meat and Offal .....	7	1	22	0
Turkeys .....	3	2	0	7
Capons .....	2	0	10	0
Totals .....	17	3	13	2

**Bakehouses.**

There are 6 in the district at the present time. All were frequently inspected, and were found to be in a satisfactory condition.

**FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1955**

The Lancashire County Council is the Food and Drugs Authority, and the undernoted particulars of the sampling carried out under the

provisions of the above Aet in Failsworth during the year 1965 were supplied by the County Medical Officer of Health.

A total of 83 samples were obtained, comprising 29 milk (1 of which was a Channel Islands milk) and 54 others as follows:—

1 malt vinegar	1 wholemeal flour
1 cut mixed peel	1 Epsom Salts B.P.
1 suet pudding mixture (sweetened)	1 coffee and chicory essence
2 flour confectionery	4 mixed pickles
1 beef steak (canned)	1 butter mixture
1 bread	1 sponge pudding mixture
1 pickles (beetroot)	3 pork sausage
1 vinegar	2 fish paste
5 beef sausage	1 fruit curd
2 dripping	1 cornflour
1 sliced peaches (canned)	1 milk, dried (skimmed)
1 jam	1 minced meat
1 semolina	1 double cream (sterilised)
3 sweets	1 fruit (dried)
1 curry powder	1 plain flour
1 arrowroot	1 boric acid ointment B.P.
1 butter	1 margarine
1 portion of a meal (part can)	1 yoghourt (choc. flavour)
1 baking powder	1 bread (2 slices)
	1 orange squash

I give below details of those samples upon which the County Analyst gave adverse reports:—

Sample	Result of analysis	Action taken
1 beef sausage	Contained sulphite preservative without declaration.	Vendor cautioned.
1 yoghourt (choc. flavour)	Total vit. 'A' content only 57 I.U. per fluid oz. compared with declaration "added vit. 'A' 180 . . . I.U. per fluid oz.	Manufacturer communicated with.
1 portion of meal (part can)	A dead beetle submitted separately was a pea beetle ( <i>bruchus pisorum</i> ) approx. 4½ mm. in length and weighing 10 m.gms. It had probably been in the peas present in the can of braised beef with veg. and gravy.	Complainant and packers informed.
1 informal milk	Deficient 5.0% fat.	Producer notified.
1 bread (2 slices)	Stained with auramine dye used in wrapper.	Complainant informed and baker interviewed.

### OFFENSIVE TRADES

The only offensive trade in the district is a tripe boiling premises which has been in existence for a considerable time.

The premises had been kept under constant supervision in an effort to maintain them at a reasonable standard.

### RAG FLOCK ACTS, 1911 to 1951

There are no premises in the District at which rag flock is manufactured, used, or sold.

### SWIMMING BATHS

There are no swimming baths in the District. Failsworth residents use the baths in the adjoining districts of Manchester, Oldham and Chadderton.

## FACTORIES ACT, 1961

### Prescribed Particulars on the Administration of the Factories Act, 1961

#### PART I OF THE ACT

#### 1. Inspections, for the purpose of provisions as to health.

PREMISES	Number of			
	Number on Register	Inspections	Written Notices	Prosecution
(1) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities .....	7	4	—	—
(2) Factories not included in (1) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority .....	83	52	2	—
(3) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises). .....	5	5	—	—
Total	95	61	2	—

#### 2. Defects found.

PARTICULARS	Number of Defects			Number of Prosecutions
	Found	Remedied	Referr'd by H.M. Inspector	
Want of cleanliness (S.1.) .....	—	—	—	—
Overcrowding (S.2.) .....	—	—	—	—
Unreasonable temperature (S.3) ...	—	—	—	—
Inadequate Ventilation (S.4) .....	—	—	—	—
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6.)	—	—	—	—
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)—				
Insufficient .....	—	—	—	—
Unsuitable or defective .....	2	2	2	—
Not separate for sexes .....	—	—	—	—
Other offences against the Act .....	—	—	—	—
(Not including offences relating to Outwork)				
Total.....	2	2	2	—

#### PART VIII OF THE ACT

Number of Outworkers in the District ..... 47

**THE OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY  
PREMISES ACT, 1963**

**REGISTRATIONS AND GENERAL INSPECTIONS**

<i>Class of Premises</i>	<i>Number of Premises Registered during the Year</i>	<i>Total Number of Registered Premises at End of Year</i>	<i>Number of Registered Premises Receiving a General Inspection</i>
Offices	3	17	6
Retail Shops	18	90	28
Wholesale Shops, Warehouses	1	9	4
Catering Establishments open to the public, canteens	Nil	22	1
Fuel Storage Depots	Nil	Nil	Nil

TOTAL NUMBER OF VISITS TO REGISTERED PREMISES 90  
ANALYSIS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN  
REGISTERED PREMISES BY WORKPLACE

<i>Class of Workplace (1)</i>	<i>Number of Persons employed (2)</i>
Offices	259
Retail Shops	595
Wholesale Departments, Warehouses	387
Catering Establishments open to the public	118
Canteens	22
Fuel Storage Depots	NIL
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,381</b>
<b>TOTAL MALES</b>	<b>656</b>
<b>TOTAL FEMALES</b>	<b>725</b>

**EXEMPTIONS — IN RELATION TO SPACE, TEMPERATURE,  
SANITARY AND WASHING FACILITIES**

No. of Exemptions current at end of 1965	NIL NIL
No. of Applications for Exemptions No. of Applications granted or extended during the year	NIL
No. of Applications refused or Exemptions withdrawn during the year	NIL NIL
Prosecutions during year	

## BYE-LAWS AND ADOPTIVE ACTS IN FORCE IN THE DISTRICT

<i>Bye-Laws</i>	<i>Came into force.</i>
Cemetery Regulations and Charges (with amendments 1941, 1949 and 1963) .....	March, 1928
Tents, Vans and Sheds and similar structures .....	12th October, 1928
Parks and Pleasure Grounds .....	4th February, 1948
Handling, Wrapping and Delivery of Food and Sale of Food in the Open Air .....	17th July, 1950
Lancashire County Council—Good Rule and Government and Prevention of Nuisances .....	1st May, 1954
Building Bye-laws .....	29th June, 1954
Private Slaughterhouses—Sanitary Conditions and Management .....	1st October, 1956
Prohibiting the putting of Litter into Streams .....	1st March, 1956
Clean Air Act, 1956—Section 24 Appliances in New Buildings .....	1st September, 1958
Hackney Carriages .....	1st August, 1961
Removal Through Streets of Offensive and Noxious Matter or Liquids .....	1st October, 1961
Nuisances and Keeping of Animals .....	1st July, 1962
The Public Health Acts Amendments Act, 1890:—	
Part III .....	1st June, 1896
Part IV .....	1st August, 1912
The Public Libraries Acts, 1892 and 1901 .....	1st December, 1903
The Private Streets Works Act, 1892 .....	1st April, 1907
The Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1907:—	
Section 86 .....	31st December, 1912
Section 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32 and 33 (Part II) .....	21st March, 1913
<i>* Section 30 is subject to certain conditions and adaptations.</i>	
Section 95 (Part X) .....	21st March, 1913
Section 76 and 77 comprised in Part VI .....	18th July, 1922
Section 19 .....	1944
The Public Health Act, 1925:—	
Part II except Sections 21 and 22 .....	1st June, 1926
Small Dwellings Acquisition Acts, 1899-1923 .....	2nd April, 1947
Sunday Entertainments Act, 1932 (Extension to Failsworth of Section 1) .....	1949
Lancashire County Council (General Powers) Act, 1951 .....	27th March, 1952



